

That the said do and shall keep the true assize in uttering and selling bread, and other victuals, beer, ale, and other liquors, in his, her, or their house; and shall not fraudulently dilute or adulterate the same; and shall not use, in uttering and selling thereof, any pots or other measures that are not of full size, and shall not wilfully or knowingly permit drunkenness or tipping, nor get drunk in his, her, or their house or other premises; nor knowingly suffer any gaming with cards, draughts, dice, bagatelle, or any other sedentary game in his, her, or their house, or any of the outhouses, apartments, or easements thereto belonging, by journey-men, labourers, servants, or apprentices; nor knowingly introduce, permit, or suffer any bull, bear, or badger baiting, cockfighting, or other such sport or amusement in any part of his, her, or their premises; nor shall knowingly or designedly, and with a view to harbour and entertain such, permit or suffer men or women of notoriously bad fame, or dissolute girls and boys to assemble and meet together in his, her, or their house or any of the premises thereto belonging; nor shall keep open his, her, or their house, nor permit or suffer any drinking or tipping in any part of his, her, or their premises during the usual hours of divine service on Sundays; nor shall keep open his, her, or their house or other premises during late hours of the night, or early in the morning, for any other purpose than the reception of travellers, for keep good rule and order therein, according to the purport of a license granted," &c.

2 SEPT 1822

# ALDERMANS

(CUMBERLAND, Allendale Ward, above Derwent.)

**THE GENERAL MEETING of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, acting within the said Ward, for the purpose of authorising and empowering Persons to keep Common Inns, Alehouses, or Victualling Houses within the said Ward, pursuant to the Act of Parliament in that case made, will be holden at the Public Office, in Louth Street, in Whitehaven, on Thursday the nineteenth Day of September next for the County, and on the following Day for the Town and Vicinity of Whitehaven; and on Saturday the Twenty-first of the same Month, at the House of Mrs. GUSSON, at CALDERBRIDGE, in the said Ward, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon of each, of the said Days.**

By the said Act it is enacted, that every Person to whom a License shall be granted, must enter into a Recognizance in the Sum of £50, with one sufficient Surety in the Sum of £20, or two sufficient Sureties in the Sum of £10 each; and in case the Person applying for such License shall be hindered through Sickness or Infirmary, or any other reasonable Cause, to be allowed by the Justices, or any other reasonable person, to procure two sufficient Sureties to be bound in the Sum of £50 each, for Performance of the Condition of the Recognizance.

Every new Begunner, or Person not Licensed the preceding Year, must produce a Certificate under the Hands of the Parson, Vicar, or Curate, or of the Major Part of the Churchwardens, Chapelwardens, and Overseers of the Poor, and of four reputable and substantial Householders and Inhabitants, or under the Hands of eight respectable and substantial Householders and Inhabitants of the Parish or Place where the Person applying for such License shall have last inhabited for a space of six Months; which Certificate shall set forth the Number of the House, and the Name of the Street, or other true description of the House where such Person so dwells, and also whether he or she was there a Housekeeper or an Innmate, and whether such Person, in such last mentioned Parish or Place, kept an Ale-house or Victualling-house, and if so, the Sign of such House; and shall also set forth, that such Person is of good Fame, Sober Life and Conversation, and a fit and proper Person to be entrusted with a License for the purposes aforesaid.

All Persons already Licensed must produce their last Year's Certificate at the said Meeting, but they need not bring such Certificates as new Beginners are required to do.

The Justices will be particularly strict against Innkeepers who allow GAMING in their Houses, or promote HORSE RACES for small Plates or Prizes, or the barbarous diversion of COCK FIGHTING, or permit any Drunkenness or TIPPING in their Houses on the Lord's Day, or late and unseasonable Hours, or Drunkenness, on that or any other Days.

No Police Officer, Patrole, Constable, or Head Borough, shall be Surety for any Innkeeper, Alehouse-keeper, or Victualler.

By Order of the Justices,  
EDWIN HOLWELL HERWOOD, Clerk.

Public Office, Whitehaven, Aug. 27th, 1822.

N. B. In order that the Alehouse-keepers may not plead ignorance of the Terms of the Recognizance required by the recent Act of Parliament, to be entered into by each Alehouse-keeper in the sum of £50, with one sufficient surety in the sum of £20, or two sufficient sureties in the sum of £10 each, the form of the Recognizance prescribed by the said Act is subjoined:



The importance of this law (from which we made one or two extracts in a former number) to the public at large induces us to exclude other pressing subjects to give early publicity to the following copious abstract from the Act 3 Geo. IV. chap. 77, which enacts, that from and after the 26th of July, 1822, every person to whom the Justices of the Peace shall grant a license to keep a common inn, alehouse, or victualling-house, or to sell ale, beer, cyder, perry, or other excisable liquors by retail, shall enter into a recognizance (to be signed by at least two of the Justices present at the licensing meetings) in the sum of £50, with one sufficient surety in £20, or two sureties in £10 each, which recognizance shall be returned to the next sessions, and, in default thereof, every Justice of the Peace, signing a license, shall forfeit and pay £3 6s. 8d.

No police officer, patrol, constable, or head-borough to be surety for any license under this Act.

Sec. 2. No license to be granted unless the person shall produce, at the annual licensing meeting, a certificate under the hands of the Parson, Vicar, or Curate, or of the major part of the Churchwardens, Chapelwardens, and Overseers of the Poor, and of four respectable and substantial householders and inhabitants, or of eight such householders in the parish in which the applicant has dwelt for six months: the certificate to contain a full and true description of the residence and good character of the applicant. Any person forging such certificate to be deemed guilty of a misdemeanour.

Sec. 4. The particulars of the recognizance (the fee for which is 2s.) to be entered in a register to be open for public inspection.

Sec. 5. The fee for license to be 5s. and no more.

Sec. 6. The license may be continued, by two Justices, to the executors or assigns of the persons licensed until the 10th of October following the death or assignment of the party.

Sec. 7. All general annual meetings for licensing shall be held in the month of September in each year.

Sec. 9. In lieu of penalties in acts 1 Jas. I. c. 9, 7 Jas. I. c. 10, 21 Jas. I. c. 7, 1 Chas. I. c. 4, 26 Geo. II. c. 31, and 30 Geo. II. c. 24, offences against the condition of the recognizance or license, are punishable for the first offence by the forfeit of a sum not exceeding £5 and costs, and if not paid in 14 days, to be imprisoned one month in the House of Correction, if not sooner paid; second offence, not exceeding £10 and costs, and if not paid in seven days to be imprisoned as above for two months, if not sooner paid; and for the third offence, any one Justice of the district is required, on complaint on oath, to summon the offender to the next sessions, and if convicted by the jury, may be fined not exceeding £100, or the license adjudged to be void.

Sec. 11. In all cases of prosecution for third offence, the Justices' Clerk is required to be the prosecutor, and the expenses are to be paid out of the rates levied for the maintenance of the poor of the parish where such offence is committed.

Sec. 12. Two Justices in and for the district may hear and determine offences (for which pecuniary penalties are imposed) and give their judgement in a summary way.

Sec. 13. Persons summoned as witnesses, not attending such Justices, to be fined 40s. for every offence.

Sec. 14. Allows an appeal, upon the party giving satisfactory security for the penalties and costs.

Sec. 17. From and after the 10th of Oct. 1823, no license shall be granted to any person in any house which shall not have been used under a former license, granted at a preceding general annual meeting, unless the person shall give notice, in writing, to the Justices' Clerk, three calendar months prior to a general annual meeting, and shall affix three fair legible copies of such notice (signed by the applicants) on the principal door or most conspicuous part of the house to be licensed, and on the door of the church of the parish in which the house is situated, on three several days in the months of May or June, between the hours of ten and four o'clock in the day; seven days to elapse between each day of so affixing such notices, which are to contain a full and particular description of the house and its situation and applicant.

Sec. 18. No Justice who is in any manner interested in any house, licensed or to be licensed, or as a brewer or dealer in ale or liquors, or as an agent for such house, brewer, or dealer, shall act in respect of any license, under penalty of £100, if sued for within six months after the offence; half to the informer and half to the King.

Sec. 19. Every person licensed is disqualified from serving the office of constable, head-borough, police-officer, or patrol, and if any such person acts as a deputy-constable he shall forfeit £10.

Sec. 20. From and after the 10th of October, 1822, every person so licensed, who shall sell ale and beer, unless the same shall be first measured in and by a stamped pewter standard ale quart, pint, or half-pint, in the presence of the guest or customer purchasing the same, shall forfeit and pay, for every offence, a sum not exceeding 40s. to be recovered within 30 days; one half to the poor and one half to the complainant.

Sec. 21. Any brewer, or dealer in ale or beer, who shall sell and deliver to any person whomsoever, any ale or beer in any cask or vessel which shall not be able to contain the full quantity charged shall forfeit and pay not exceeding £5, for every such cask or vessel so deficient, to be recovered before any Justice within 30 days.

Sec. 26. Act to continue three years.

A. B. at the sign of the Victualler, acknowledges himself to be indebted to our Sovereign Lord the King, in the sum of thirty pounds, £. F. of [ ] acknowledges himself to be indebted to our Sovereign Lord the King, in the sum of twenty pounds, to be levied upon their several goods, chattels, lands and tenements, by way of recognizance to His Majesty's use, his heirs, and successors, upon condition that the said A. B. do and shall keep the true assize in uttering and selling bread, and other victuals, beer, ale, and other liquors in his, her, or their house, and shall not fraudulently dilute or adulterate the same, and shall not use, in uttering and selling thereof, any pots or other measures that are not of full size, and shall not wilfully or knowingly permit drunkenness or tipping, nor get drunk in his, her, or their house or other premises; nor knowingly suffer any gaming with cards, draughts, dice, bagatelle, or any other sedentary game in his, her, or their house, or any of the outhouses, apartments, or easements thereto belonging, by journey-men, labourers, servants, or apprentices; nor knowingly introduce, permit, or suffer any bull, bear, or badger baiting, cockfighting, or other such sport or amusement in any part of his, her, or their premises; nor shall knowingly or designedly, and with a view to harbour and entertain such, permit or suffer men or women of notoriously bad fame, or dissolute girls and boys, to assemble and meet together in his, her, or their house, or any of the premises thereto belonging; nor shall keep open his, her, or their house, nor permit or suffer any drinking or tipping in any part of his, her, or their premises during the usual hours of Divine service on Sundays; nor shall keep open his, her, or their house or other premises during late hours of the night, or early in the morning, for any other purpose than the reception of travellers, for do keep good rule and order therein, according to the purport of a license granted for selling ale, beer, or other liquors by retail in the said house and premises for one whole year, commencing on the tenth day of October next, upon this recognizance to be void, or else to remain in full force

# CONSUMPTION OF BEER.

The Bill to encourage the consumption of Beer, as enacted by the Committee, has just been printed; it contains the following

1st.—That it is expedient to brew ale or beer intermediate between strong beer and table beer.

2d.—Such beer may be brewed on paying an excise duty on it of 5s. per barrel.

3d.—Not less than five barrels of 36 gallons, and not more than five and a half are to be made from each quarter of malt, and the price of such beer is not to exceed 28s. the barrel; or 10d. the gallon, or sold in large or small quantities. Any person charging more than this price, will subject himself to a fine of £50. Any person making an entry to brew beer of this description, who shall brew porter, or beer of a greater or less strength than above mentioned, or use any other ingredients than malt, yeast, and water, shall be fined £200 for such offence.

4th.—Persons brewing this beer are to take out license, and be subject to the same regulations as other brewers.

5th.—Brewers of this beer are to be allowed to retail it on their premises, it not being for consumption there; but if they sell any other beer or ale on these premises, they will be subject to a fine of £100 for every offence.

6th.—Brewers of other beer may brew this beer, on taking out a license for this purpose, provided they have no interest in any malt-making concern within one quarter of a mile of the premises for making this beer; and provided they have no interest in any other brewery within the distance of 200 yards from these premises. Every transgression of this regulation subjects the offender to be punished by a fine of £200.

7th.—Any person paying 21s. annually for a license, may be allowed to sell this beer, provided it is not sold for consumption on the premises, but this license will not give permission to sell any other beer and ale than this.

8th.—Any person selling this beer without having taken out a license, is to be fined for every such offence, the sum of £5.

9th, 10th, and 11th.—The duties laid on by this Act, to be under the management of the Commissioners of Excise, and levied as they levy other duties, and carried to the consolidated fund.

12th.—All the buildings, tubs, and vessels, employed to make this beer, are to be described to the Excise, and distinguished from one another by some particular mark; and no new buildings for brewing this beer, are to be erected within 200 yards of the premises on which this beer is to be brewed.

13th.—Every person brewing beer under this act, is to designate the storehouse or room which he means to use for keeping malt.

14th.—The quantities of malt received are also to be entered into a book kept for that purpose, which book is to be open to the inspection of the excise officers.

15th.—Every person brewing this beer is to expose his stock of malt to the inspection of the excise officers; and if the quantity on hand does not correspond to his account, he is liable to be fined for every offence £200.

16th.—Brewers may have their stock of malt measured, if they dispute the officer's judgement in gauging.

17th.—This beer must not be put or forced into casks larger than butts, and every cask must be measured by the officers of excise.

18th.—When sent out in casks of more than four gallons, the casks are to be marked with the name of the trader, brewery, and the figure 5, under a penalty of £50 for every neglect.

19th.—All brewers of this, and all other beer or ale, are to make a declaration in writing of the strength and quality of the beer brewed at every brewing. Neglecting to do this, or concealing or altering such a declaration, subjects the offender to a penalty of £200 for every offence.

20th.—This Act is to take place on July 5, 1823.